## (b) Amendments to the Claims

Kindly cancel claims 31-35 without prejudice or disclaimer of subject matter. Please amend claims 5, 25, 29 and 30 as follows. A detailed listing of all the claims that are or were in the application is provided hereafter.

1. (Previously Presented) An electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one charge-transporting material;

wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (1) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (1) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer:

wherein  $Ar_{101}$  to  $Ar_{108}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent

aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{11}$  to  $Z_{15}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{11}$  to  $Z_{15}$  in Formula (1) is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzothiophenylene, and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

2. (Previously Presented) An electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one charge-transporting material;

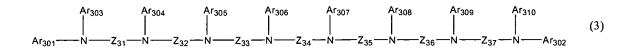
wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (2) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (2) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer:

wherein  $Ar_{201}$  to  $Ar_{209}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{21}$  to  $Z_{26}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{21}$  to  $Z_{26}$  in Formula (2) is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group or a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group, and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

3. (Previously Presented) An electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one charge-transporting material;

wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (3) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (3) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer:



wherein  $Ar_{301}$  to  $Ar_{310}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{31}$  to  $Z_{37}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{31}$  to  $Z_{37}$  in Formula (3) is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group or a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group, and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

4. (Previously Presented) An electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one charge-transporting material;

wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (4) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (4) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in

a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer:

wherein  $Ar_{401}$  to  $Ar_{411}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{41}$  to  $Z_{48}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{41}$  to  $Z_{48}$  in Formula (4) is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group or a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group, and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

5. (Currently Amended) An electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one charge-transporting material;

wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (5) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and

the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (5) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer:

wherein  $Ar_{501}$  to  $Ar_{512}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{51}$  to  $Z_{59}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{51}$  to  $Z_{59}$  in Formula (5)[,[one]] is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group or a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

## 6. - 10. (Cancelled)

11. (Previously Presented) The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 1, wherein said charge-transporting material having the structure represented by Formula (1) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000

is held in a proportion of 100% by weight based on the total weight of the chargetransporting material contained in said photosensitive layer.

- 12. (Previously Presented) The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 2, wherein said charge-transporting material having the structure represented by Formula (2) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer.
- 13. (Previously Presented) The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 3, wherein said charge-transporting material having the structure represented by Formula (3) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer.
- 14. (Previously Presented) The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 4, wherein said charge-transporting material having the structure represented by Formula (4) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer.

- 15. (Previously Presented) The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 5, wherein said charge-transporting material having the structure represented by Formula (5) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer.
- 16. (Original) The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 1, wherein said charge-transporting material having the structure represented by Formula (1) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is synthesized by successive synthesis.
- 17. (Original) The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 2, wherein said charge-transporting material having the structure represented by Formula (2) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is synthesized by successive synthesis.
- 18. (Original) The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 3, wherein said charge-transporting material having the structure represented by Formula (3) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is synthesized by successive synthesis.

- 19. (Original) The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 4, wherein said charge-transporting material having the structure represented by Formula (4) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is synthesized by successive synthesis.
- 20. (Original) The electrophotographic photosensitive member according to claim 5, wherein said charge-transporting material having the structure represented by Formula (5) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is synthesized by successive synthesis.
- 21. (Previously Presented) A process cartridge comprising an electrophotographic photosensitive member and at least one means selected from the group consisting of a charging means, a developing means and a cleaning means which are integrally supported; and being detachably mountable on the main body of an electrophotographic apparatus; the electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one charge-transporting material;

wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (1) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (1) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer:

wherein  $Ar_{101}$  to  $Ar_{108}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{11}$  to  $Z_{15}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{11}$  to  $Z_{15}$  in Formula (1) is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzothiophenylene, and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

22. (Previously Presented) A process cartridge comprising an electrophotographic photosensitive member and at least one means selected from the group consisting of a charging means, a developing means and a cleaning means which are integrally supported; and being detachably mountable on the main body of an electrophotographic apparatus; the electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one charge-transporting material;

wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (2) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (2) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer:

wherein  $Ar_{201}$  to  $Ar_{209}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{21}$  to  $Z_{26}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{21}$  to  $Z_{26}$  in Formula (2) is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group or a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group, and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

23. (Previously Presented) A process cartridge comprising an electrophotographic photosensitive member and at least one means selected from the group consisting of a charging means, a developing means and a cleaning means which are integrally supported; and being detachably mountable on the main body of an electrophotographic apparatus; the electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one of said chargetransporting material;

wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (3) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (3) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer:

wherein  $Ar_{301}$  to  $Ar_{310}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{31}$  to  $Z_{37}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent

aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{31}$  to  $Z_{37}$  in Formula (3) is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group or a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzothiophenylene group, and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

24. (Previously Presented) A process cartridge comprising an electrophotographic photosensitive member and at least one means selected from the group consisting of a charging means, a developing means and a cleaning means which are integrally supported; and being detachably mountable on the main body of an electrophotographic apparatus; the electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one charge-transporting material;

wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (4) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (4) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material(s) contained in said photosensitive layer:

wherein  $Ar_{401}$  to  $Ar_{411}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{41}$  to  $Z_{48}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{41}$  to  $Z_{48}$  in Formula (4) is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group or a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group, and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

electrophotographic photosensitive member and at least one means selected from the group consisting of a charging means, a developing means and a cleaning means which are integrally supported; and being detachably mountable on the main body of an electrophotographic apparatus; the electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one charge-transporting material;

wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (5) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and

the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (5) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer:

wherein  $Ar_{501}$  to  $Ar_{512}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{51}$  to  $Z_{59}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{51}$  to  $Z_{59}$  in Formula (5)[,[one]] is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group or a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

26. (Previously Presented) An electrophotographic apparatus comprising an electrophotographic photosensitive member, a charging means, an exposure means, a developing means and a transfer means; the electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one charge-transporting material;

wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (1) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (1) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer:

wherein  $Ar_{101}$  to  $Ar_{108}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{11}$  to  $Z_{15}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{11}$  to  $Z_{15}$  in Formula (1) is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzothiophenylene, and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

27. (Previously Presented) An electrophotographic apparatus comprising an electrophotographic photosensitive member, a charging means, an exposure means, a developing means and a transfer means; the electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one charge-transporting material;

wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (2) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (2) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer:

wherein  $Ar_{201}$  to  $Ar_{209}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{21}$  to  $Z_{26}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent

aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{21}$  to  $Z_{26}$  in Formula (2) is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group or a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzothiophenylene group, and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

28. (Previously Presented) An electrophotographic apparatus comprising an electrophotographic photosensitive member, a charging means, an exposure means, a developing means and a transfer means; the electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one of charge-transporting material;

wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (3) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and

the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (3) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer:

wherein  $Ar_{301}$  to  $Ar_{310}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{31}$  to  $Z_{37}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{31}$  to  $Z_{37}$  in Formula (3) is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group or a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group, and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

29. (Currently Amended) An electrophotographic apparatus comprising an electrophotographic photosensitive member, a charging means, an exposure means, a developing means and a transfer means; the electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one charge-transporting material materials;

wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (4) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (4) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in

a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer:

wherein  $Ar_{401}$  to  $Ar_{411}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{41}$  to  $Z_{48}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{41}$  to  $Z_{48}$  in Formula (4) is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group or a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group, and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

30. (Currently Amended) An electrophotographic apparatus comprising an electrophotographic photosensitive member, a charging means, an exposure means, a developing means and a transfer means; the electrophotographic photosensitive member comprising a conductive support and a photosensitive layer provided on the support, wherein;

said photosensitive layer contains at least one charge-transporting material;

wherein at least one of said charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer is a charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (5) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000; and the charge-transporting material having a structure represented by the following Formula (5) and having a molecular weight of from 1,500 to 4,000 is held in a proportion of from 90% by weight to 100% by weight based on the total weight of the charge-transporting material contained in said photosensitive layer:

wherein  $Ar_{501}$  to  $Ar_{512}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted monovalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and  $Z_{51}$  to  $Z_{59}$  each independently represent a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic carbocyclic group or a substituted or unsubstituted divalent aromatic heterocyclic group, and wherein one of  $Z_{51}$  to  $Z_{59}$  in Formula (5)[,[one]] is a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group or a substituted or unsubstituted dibenzofuranylene group and the balance are each a substituted or unsubstituted biphenylene group.

## 31. - 35. (Cancelled)